

1. 文の骨格 SV を時制でキャッチ！

Sally had lived abroad most of her life, but at last she came back to England to live.

She had always loved trees and flowers, and now she aimed to buy a small house in the country with a garden.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

2. 前置詞句は（ ）に入れて意味を取れ

The motive for the voyages of Christopher Columbus in 1492
and of John Cabot in 1497 was to find a shorter route.

However, their journeys across the Atlantic Ocean brought the
 Europeans knowledge of the American continents, not spices.
 Their discoveries affected the history of the world.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

3. 動詞を見たら自・他の区別をつける

According to official statistics, 600,000 Japanese visited Britain last year.

At that rate, Britain will be welcoming a million Japanese tourists, by 1993.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

4. BE 動詞の後の名詞・形容詞は補語

A human language is a signalling system.

As its materials, it uses vocal sounds.

It is important to remember that basically a language is

something which is spoken: the written language is secondary

and derivative.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

5. FOR/AS の後ろの SV が決め手

European sailors were afraid to sail straight westward into this vast unknown.

That way to Asia seemed too many miles.

For you had to be able to go there *and back*.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

6. O と C にある SP 関係

In two thousand years all our generals and politicians may be forgotten, but Einstein and Madame Curie and Bernard Shaw and Stravinsky will keep the memory of our age alive.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

7. <V I T C T O ⑤>のとりえ方

Even advanced nations of Western background, if they happen to be small I frequently find it necessary to utilize foreign languages for many purposes.

A Danish scholar, for instance, will find it more sensible to publish in English for a world audience than in Danish for a limited number of fellow Danes.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

8. <NOT ~ BUT ...>を見落とすな！

Thin, salted, crisp potato chips are Americans' favourite snack food. They originated in New England as one man's

variation on the French-fried potato, and their production was the result, not of a sudden stroke of cooking invention, but of a fit of anger.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

9. 相関表現をマークして文の骨格をつかめ

Reading aloud is an educational tool as well as an instrument of culture.

As an educational tool, reading aloud is an aid to greater accuracy and better understanding of the written word.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

10. 従属節は[]に入れて構造をつかめ

When I speak of internationalization, I do not mean the
changing of external life styles but the development of internal
new attitudes.

Our motivations must be in step with the conditions of the
time.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

11. 動詞の後の **THAT** は名詞節の目印

The stranger in London, especially if he has come, say, from Paris, finds London at first a little drab, but later on as he explores the city and begins to make friends he finds that it has its own special intimacy and charm.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

12. 他動詞の後の[S+V+X]は目的語

Typical American teenagers are in fact very ordinary.

They think their teachers make them work too hard, they love their parents but are sure they don't understand anything, and their friendships are the most important things in their lives.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

13. 疑問詞は名詞節発見の決め手

How the water is used affects the supply.

In some dry areas, groundwater is used for irrigation.

Most of this water changes into vapour and disappears from
the surfaces of plants or the land.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

14. 補語になる名詞節のつかみ方

All the classic works for children are written in adult language,
often of a very high standard of literary style.

They are sometimes difficult to read.

The reason for this is that children's books were not written just
for children.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

15. 前置詞の目的語になる節をキャッチ

The difficulty when strangers from two countries meet is not a lack of appreciation of friendship, but different expectations about what constitutes friendship and how it comes into being.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

16. <前置詞 + 名詞>の修飾先を探せ！

Much has been written in the past few years about the bond
between people and their pets.

Pets help keep us young: they decrease loneliness, and they
give us the opportunity to be needed.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

17. 代動詞 DO の正体を突き止めよう

Whatever the professionals tell us, pure necessity will force more men to get to know their children.

In 1950 only about 10 per cent of mothers with small infants worked.

Today more than half do.

It is becoming harder for their husbands to avoid taking care of the children during their free time.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

18. <否定語+ AS 節>の訳し方

"That is easy to understand, Dad," said the daughter.

"Anything that can be handled, even if softer than butter, is called solid.

So water is not solid, for I can't take up a pinch of it in my fingers as I can with sand."

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

19. 過去完了を見たら「基準となる時」を探せ

It happened so quickly, so unexpectedly, that Little Jon's cry was almost instantly cut short as the blackness closed over him.

No one knew the hole was there.

It hadn't been there the day before and in the twilight no one had noticed it.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

20. 代不定詞 TO に隠れた原型を突き止めよう

It is necessary in America to go out and search for interesting things, and to arrange for them.

They do not happen, as they seem to in other places, of their own accord.

People do not come in uninvited for a talk, and there are not many places where people gather without previously making plans because Americans live privately.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

21. 関係詞の支配範囲は離れた V をマーク

In England one of the 'safest' subjects is the weather.

Two Englishmen who meet for the first time and do not wish to get into an argument often talk about the weather.

Then they say only the most obvious things -- 'A bit cold today, isn't it?'

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

22. WHICH, THAT は後が V なら主格と決める

People who already know a lot tend to learn new things faster than people who do not know very much. Mainly this is because knowledgeable people will have less to learn; they already know many of the key elements in the new concept.

In learning about a railroad, for instance, they possess a large amount of related knowledge that makes it unnecessary to explain a lot of secondary facts about how wheels work, what the nature of iron is, and so on.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

23. WHICH, THAT は直が SV なら目的格

Each whale has its own characteristic song but composes it
from themes which it shares with the rest of the whale
community.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

24. 先行詞の直前の **THAT/THOSE** は和訳不要

To understand any society one must look first at its values.

Those values which still have the most importance in the United States are freedom, independence, competition, individualism and equality.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

25. 隠れた関係代名詞の見つけ方

Our Asian cultures teach us moderation in everything we do,
and it is not for us to conquer nature but rather to live in
harmony with it. We should refuse to join in the rat race

that causes high blood pressure and heart attacks.

The quality of a good life seems to me to be made up of living
 simply, closer to nature.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

26. 関係代名詞の前の前置詞はパートナーを探せ

Cultural evolution is the major factor responsible for human population increase.

Cultural evolution includes the various ways in which human intelligence and socialization have been used by people to make life easier.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

27. 前置詞を見たらその目的語を探せ

Likable people do not take themselves or their jobs too seriously. This is true in presentations and in face-to-face relationships. Are you the kind of person others enjoy being around? The answer to that question may be important to your career -and to your life.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

28. 隠れた関係代名詞が演じる補語の役

Speaking a foreign language brings about more change: we grow more direct. "Je t'aime" comes much more easily than "I love you." Entering another tongue, we steal into another self, and under cover of that other self speaking a foreign tongue, we are enabled to start all over again in creating a self we have always secretly wanted to be.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

29. 副詞の働きをする関係詞をキャッチ

Most proverbs date back to an agricultural civilization when machines played a very minor role.

The lessons are simple, direct and basic. "A stitch in time saves nine"; "live and let live"; "out of sight, out of mind"; "necessity is the mother of invention" ; "the grass is always greener on the other side of the fence."

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

30. 関係副詞が隠れた<THE WAY SV>を見落とすな

If all goes well, children come to learn several basic conversational skills by 12 months of age.

This is largely due to the way mothers develop their own special way of talking, to get the most out of their children - a style which is usually called 'motherese.'

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

31. 代入法で離れた先行詞を追え

A machine has been developed that pulps paper and then processes it into packaging, e.g. eggboxes and cartons.

This could be easily adapted for local authority use.

It would mean that people would have to separate their refuse into paper and non-paper, with a different dustbin for each.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

32. WHAT 節を[]に入れて SVOC を確定

Dogs see a world that is blurred and colourless, apart from shades of grey: for they are short-sighted and have no colour vision. But a dog's sense of smell is to a man's what a symphony orchestra is to a small whistle. Some dogs have 220 million cells for smelling, compared with a man's 5 million.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

33. <WHAT S BE>は「（いついつの）S」と訳す

C.A. Helvetius, the 18th-century French philosopher, once said,
 “Education makes us what we are.” In a very real sense,
 education does make us what we are. We are very much the
 product of what we have learned and experienced in the past.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

34. 共通関係<A AND B>は B からキャッチ！

If you find that you are not the best in your class, no matter how hard you try, perhaps your goal is too high.

It is better to do as well as you possibly can, and then learn to be happy for the person who gets the best grade.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

35. Vを共有するSやOを探せ！

Various people exhibit various cultural characteristics. Each people has its own way of doing things and its own “personality.”

To be different, to do things differently, is not to be better or worse, superior or inferior.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

36. V がつながる共通関係を見抜け

Computers are an obvious part of technology that reaches into most people's lives.

Computers answer telephones, retrieve information instantly, read and answer letters, and make mathematical computations in much less time than a person can.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

37. 前置詞句がつながる共通関係を見抜け

Man’s progress in making weapons and tools, first of bronze and then of iron, accompanied the development of agriculture and the domestication of horses, sheep, and oxen.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

38. 名詞をつないだ **X(A+B)Y** 型を見逃すな

Some suggestion on how to encourage laughter for healing:
 instead of flowers, send the patient a funny novel, a book of
 jokes, a silly toy or humorous audio or video tape. Keep on the
lookout for humorous happenings and stories that you can tell
the patient about. Arrive at the bedside with a funny story
 instead of a complaint about the terrible traffic or the parking
 problem.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

39. 前置詞が共通語となる共通関係の発見

Boston has a claim to be the cradle of American life.

It is a big, vital, beautiful city, but one torn by the racial tensions of “busing” and the racial violence of everyday life.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

40. 副詞をつなぐ共通関係を見落とすな

In winter, people usually tend to decrease their activity and save energy. They aren't as active or as physically fit as they are in summer. Such inactiveness, however, could affect their well-being. If you want to maintain good health and have a good figure, don't let winter keep you from your regular activities and exercise.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

41. 節をつなぐ AND, BUT, OR

Apes and monkeys in the wild are not separated for more than a few minutes from their newborn babies, so that it is impossible to know if the first twelve hours after birth are particularly important to bonding or even if such a process occurs.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

42. 助動詞の後の隠れた動詞をキャッチせよ

I'm sure you remember John Everhart.

Well, he left this world last week.

I have yet to meet anyone who can tell a story like he could.

He retired from the Army and came back home to an
apartment not too far from where he was born.

He was killed by a hit-and-run driver.

No suspects. No arrests.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

43. 副詞節で省略される<S + BE 動詞>

In Wales, Scotland and Ireland a seaweed called Sea Lettuce, because its green leaves look like lettuce leaves when seen in a pool, has been eaten for hundreds of years. The seaweed is gathered, cleaned and washed, then boiled and served like cabbage.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

44. AND/BUT の後ろの構造が不明なら前を見て比較

To a foreigner, a group of Japanese is a threat, a single Japanese is just another human being.

Foreigners who are interested in meeting Japanese people will approach single persons, but not group.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

45. 「否定語は省略されない」の原則に注目

Some people are able to consider unemotionally all the good points and bad points of a decision. This method is certainly effective, although most of us generate emotions that interfere with logic. Let me repeat that you cannot make “no” decision, only a decision either to risk a choice or a decision not to risk a choice.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

46. <THERE IS S + P> は <S IS P>

Portugal is different. It is the country that delivers the images you dream up in your mind. Whether it is the winding alleys of the ancient Alfama district in Lisbon or the colourful fishing boats in the Algarve region of southern Portugal, there are pictures to be had here that rival those in your imagination.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

47. <名詞 + THAT 節>, 格なし THAT なら同格節

The story was told that one day, while comfortably propped up in bed, Rossini composed a section for one of his operas.

When he was nearly finished, the sheet of music dropped from his lap onto the floor. He groped for the music, but he couldn't reach it. Rather than get out of bed, he decided to write the music over again.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

48. <IT + V ~>ときたら中身がくるぞ！

It is true that various forms of communication can be used in various ways to satisfy a variety of needs.

But it is also true that particular forms are better at doing some things than others. Photographs are good at representing visual aspects of the world.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

49. 補語がない<IT + V + THAT>に注意

The theory goes that Japan has achieved economic power
solely through human resources. It is the hard work and
thriftiness of the people which has enabled Japan to rebuild
itself from almost complete destruction during the war.

Now it seems that many young Japanese are not so
hardworking and thrifty.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

50. <IT IS + 副詞（句／節）+ THAT...>か、THAT の後に S/O なしは強調構文

When we buy something new, we're looking for something, unlike ourselves and our other possessions, perfect. It never stays that way for long and it's this period of disillusion and disappointment that we find so hard to live with.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

51. 強調構文の疑問形を見抜け！

In trying to manage a language not our own, we find ourselves having to simplify ourselves, committed not to making impressive sentences, but just to making sense.

Instead of hiding behind the complicated web of fancy expressions, we are forced to come out into the open and state in simple terms what exactly it is we want to say.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

52. <SO ~ THAT ...> のいろいろな訳し方

A motoring friend of mine sometimes oblige me to concede that you can see quite a lot of countryside through the window of a car.

Indeed, there are now so many 'scenic drives' that the visitors to the countryside may feel deprived if their view is not framed in a car in a car windscreen.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

53. THAT 節から訳すべき<SO ~ THAT ...>

Why is literacy so important in the modern world?

Some of the reasons, like the need to fill out forms or get a good job, are so obvious that they needn't be discussed.

But the chief reason is broader. The complex activities of modern life depend on the cooperation of many people with different specialities in different places.

Where communications fail, so do the activities.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

54. 意味の上では<SO ~ THAT ...> = <SUCH ~ THAT ...>

Through conquest and acquisition the strong overpowered the weak and made slaves of the people.

Those who were made slaves and serfs were compelled, through forced labor, to work for their masters and lords upon such terms and conditions as the owners and lords fixed for them.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

55. **THAT** や助動詞のない目的の<**SO THAT** 節>

Although a friendly letter should be light-hearted and avoid familiar complaints and personal problems, there are times when you have to tell bad news. Don't use the shock approach. Prepare the reader with some introductory hints, then tell the full story, so your letter won't give the impression that there is worse to come.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

56. 形容詞句<TO ⑤>は名詞に後置

Crying is the only reliable way in which young babies can
 signal the adults who take care of them – a way of
communicating which includes a variety of cries to convey
different information.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

57. 形容詞的<TO ⑤>「～すべき」がダメなら「～という」

Many young Japanese express the wish to become *kokusaijin*.

They study English conversation, travel abroad, and may even make a point of claiming that they dislike Japanese food. It is probably better to be even that kind of *kokusaijin* than to be a nationalist who constantly insists on the superiority of everything Japanese.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

58. <BE + TO⑤> = <助動詞+⑤> ととらえる

In the English-Japanese dictionaries which I have at hand, the word “privacy” is to be found.

It is defined, however, not by an equivalent Japanese noun, but by an explanatory sentence, suggesting that the situation which the word describe has not had an important place in the Japanese tradition.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

59. <TOO ~ TO⑤> の構造をつかめ

Compare the amount of time you spend on crowded city streets to the time you spend walking along the seashore or through the woods.

Your health is simply too important for you not to think of this.

The difference in your health when fresh air is supplied to your lungs and blood is dramatic and obvious.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

60. <ENOUGH + TO⑤> の構造をつかめ

All girls in Ames, even Shirley, baby-sat.

When we were eleven or twelve, old enough for our mothers to
approve our staying out late out at night, we were expected to
accept baby-sitting job eagerly.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

61. <FOR O TO ㉠> の SP 関係をつかめ

When Chris Evert began her career as a tennis player it was
still seen as unfashionable for women to be exercising and
getting into shape. Also, women who wanted to win

were seen as not being feminine.

Chris Evert has made it possible for two generations of women
to feel that running and sweating are OK.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

62. 文頭の TO⑤はまずは「目的」と考える

A proverb is often defined as a popular short saying, with words of advice or warning. But to become a proverb, a saying has to be taken up and assimilated by the common people. In the process, its origin is forgotten. Once it has become proverbial, the saying is used as part of popular wisdom; the user is no longer interested in its origin.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

63. 文頭の TO ⑤は「目的」でなければ「条件」

To be realistic, it would be very difficult to return to living standards of the past.

But we can make efforts to reduce our energy consumption by conserving energy and developing new technologies.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

64. 現在分詞は「形容詞」役の **-ING** 形

Signposts, giving place-names, stand everywhere about the English countryside directing travellers to cities, towns and villages.

Most counties have nameboards to mark their boundaries; and some of the more helpful also label streams and rivers.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

65. 動名詞の意味上の主語をつかめ

One of the worst parts of urban life, as the sociologists call it, is riding in automatic elevators. The ride is all right. It is smooth and safe and free.

But the silence gets a person.

There is something strange about being sealed in a small room with a lot of other people without a word being spoken.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

66. 名詞の後の -ED 系は過去か過去分詞か

Literacy gives us access to the greatest and most influential minds in history: Socrates, say, or Newton have had audiences vastly larger than the total number of people either met in his whole lifetime.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

67. 分詞構文は「副詞」の役割

Diana stood and watched the train disappearing from view.

Being disappointed she turned away.

She had missed it by seconds and she hated being late for the office. Then she thought of the letter in her bag.

It was from her son, Stephen. She had longed to open it before she left the house.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

68. BEING の隠れた分詞構文

Simply stated, discovery is learning without a teacher, and instruction is learning through the help of one.

In both cases, the activity of learning is experienced by the one who learns.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

69. <WITH O P>に SP 関係をつかめ

Opening the gate, Vernon Berry walked through the little
garden with a smile on his face and a large book in one hand.

Long experience had taught him how to sell books to people who did not want them. He had a fine, deep voice and could talk well. He could make people laugh. He was clean and well-dressed. He was one of those men that people like at once, and he knew it. In short, he was a success.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

70. <OF + 抽象名詞> は形容詞に換えられる

The novel is based on the behaviour of human beings as they appear in everyday life, and it is not quite accidental that it came into vogue during the eighteenth century when man was regarded as of central importance in the universe.

The novel is an offshoot of humanism.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

71. 同格 OF は「すなわち」・後ろから訳して「という」

The things that is common to all sufferers from stress – whether the overstress of the high-pressured life or the under-stress of boredom and frustration – is a feeling of not being in control of your life.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

72. <名詞+OF+名詞>の PS/VO 関係をつかめ

Some resistance remains.

A few developing countries severely restrict or prohibit the use of English, viewing its spread as “cultural imperialism.”

In Bangladesh, Parliament passed a bill replacing English with Bengali in official work.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

73. 仮定法は「事実」と「時」をキャッチせよ！

If our ancestors were brought back to life in the late twentieth century, they would surely think that the world was governed by a powerful new religion.

They would see shining buildings reaching up to the sky, the old churches and shrines hidden in their shadows.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

74. <WERE TO> は「ありそう」から「まずない」まで

People often ask me why I choose to spend so much time in Japan. If I were to answer that it is because I need certain rare documents that can be obtained only in Japan, most people would accept this as a reasonable explanation. To be more exact, however, I need extremely few documents that are not available in the university library, and it is more convenient for me to use this library than any in Japan.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

75. <AS IF> は「～ならば...のように」が元の意味

Americans view time as being tangible, almost as if it were something that could be touched.

They can spend it or save it.

In some ways, they treat it like money.

In fact, in English, there is an expression “Time is money.”

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味
tangible	形	実体のある、有形の			

76. <IF ~> に代わる条件は不定詞・名詞をマーク

Already computers can perform mathematical functions in a
short time that human mathematicians would require a lifetime
to duplicate. Computers can also work without the likelihood of
 error. That, however, doesn't mean that computers are
 “smarter” than mathematicians.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

77. 条件は副詞句をマークせよ！

Franklin could have made a fortune merely by patenting his inventions, but he refused to do so.

He believed that new ideas should be used to benefit all people.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

78. 比較級 / <AS + 原級> は「比べる相手」をチェック

Like many native Italians, my parents were very open with their feelings and their love ---- not only at home, but also in public. Most of my friends would never hug their fathers. I guess they were afraid of not appearing strong and independent. But I hugged and kissed my dad at every opportunity---- nothing could have felt more natural.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

79. 名詞をゼロにする<NO +比較級> → 最上級

To have friends in foreign countries is a great source of joy and
 as one grows older one tends to travel not to see famous places
 but to visit these friends.

There is no greater pleasure for a *kokusaijin*.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

80. 関係代名詞に変身した **AS/THEN** をキャッチ

As we congratulate ourselves on a world becoming increasingly democratic, we should recall that several times before in the past century it seemed that democracy had won universal acceptance, but the acceptance was much less trustworthy than had been imagined.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味
trustworthy	形	当てになる			

81. NO BIGGER THAN = AS SMALL AS

By the 1820s the ratio between the sexes in America had evened out in the East and South, but the old imbalance followed the frontier.

Thus the male-female ratio in California in 1865 was three to one, in Colorado no less than twenty to one.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

82. 「鯨の公式」は「馬は魚だ」との比較

A man like Kasparov studies chess constantly and has memorized large numbers of openings, closings, and midgame situations, so that in some respects he plays mechanically. A computer can, in principle, do this with greater memory capability and thus, eventually, outmatch any human being. But this no more shows any real superiority than when it carries out vast numbers of mathematical operations simultaneously.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

83. <THE + 比較級, THE + 比較級>の THE は副詞

Look at the context of each word – the sentence that it's in, and the sentences that comes before and after. Look to see if the word is repeated later in the text; the more often it's used, the easier it is to understand.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

84. 関係詞節に潜る **SV** を < > で囲んで文型キャッチ

I was not the best high school student, but still, there was one scholarship to New York University which my teachers thought I could win so that I could afford to go to college. New York University was looking for liberal arts students to take part in an experimental program called “The X Group.”

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

85. 先行詞が二重に修飾される構文をキャッチ

To find a wonderful book that has been lost for hundreds of years is an exciting discovery. But for the individual boy or girl, or man or woman, it is not more wonderful than to find a great book on a library shelf. To hunt and find such a book is one of the great adventures which readers have that other people do not have.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

86. NO の否定の仕方をつかめ

It takes no great moral or spiritual qualities to feel sorry a
person who has fallen from a tremendous height, or has
suffered a loss which cannot be replaced.

We can easily put ourselves in his place, and feel sorrow for
 ourselves.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

87. <否定語 + 100%>の部分否定を見逃すな

Not all new sports have managed to excite the public for long.

In the 1970s, for example, skate-boarding became enormously popular with many children and teenagers. The number of accidents, though, was a cause of considerable concern to parents, and before more than a handful of skate-boarding rinks could be opened, the sport had virtually died out.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

88. 二重否定 $(-) \times (-) = (+)$

None of the things that now most need to be done for the world
have much chance of working unless coupled with the control
of population.

By present indications our present population of 3.5 billion will
 have doubled by the end of this century.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

89. 否定の副詞が文頭にきたら語順をマーク

Not until the school years do the deeper ties of friendship and genuine group belongingness begin to develop.

The school offers an entirely new world of experiences for the child.

Besides gaining new intellectual knowledge and skills, he must also learn to obey certain rules.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

90. 文頭の<NOT ONLY>は倒置の仕掛け人

Anyone who is dreaming of a trip to the moon can get a little foretaste of it by climbing about on the dead volcanic cones of Easter Island.

Not only does his own hectic world seem immeasurably distant, but the landscape can easily give an illusion of being on the moon.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

91. 文頭の<ONLY +副詞（句/節）>も倒置の目印

Americans have long accepted literacy as a supreme aim of schooling, but only recently have some of us who have done research in the field begun to realize that literacy is far more than a skill and that it requires large amounts of specific information.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

92. 副詞（句）が強調された倒置をキャッチ

Almost a hundred and eighty years ago, a steam engine was used to pull a train. The first trains were so slow that one of them lost a race with a horse.

But from these slow beginnings came our freight trains and our streamlined passenger trains that travel over a mile a minute.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

93. AS/THAN の後の倒置を見抜け

There are millions of Hindus and Jains in India who, for religious reasons, will not eat meat.

The idea of eating beef is particularly abhorrent to them, as is the eating of pork to Muslims and Jews.

The Apache Indians will not eat fish, although edible trout are available in their streams.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味
abhorrent to N		N に嫌悪感を起こさせる			
Jain	名	ジャイナ教徒			

94. <SO V S> は「～もまた・・・である」

Songbird typically lose up to half their body weight during a single crossing over a large lake. Up to 90 percent of the young songbirds that migrate die en route or at the wintering grounds. Sudden winds and open water claim many feathered victims. So does timing. Going too late brings the risk of storms; too early means food may still be ice-locked.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味
en route	副	途中で			

95. 挿入 SV は文頭に置いて主節に仕立てよ

On our last trip to the United States, my son bought postcards at each of the cities we visited. These, he told everyone who asked, were his “pimentos” from his vacation. What he meant to say, however, was mementos --- you know, not a small red pickled thing that goes into potato salad, but a souvenir that would help you remember and reminisce about a trip.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味
reminisce	動	思い出を語る			

96. カンマにはさまれた挿入 IF~ の訳し方

The colors in grasslands are both brilliant and subtle.

Open space seems to stretch out indefinitely; indeed it can
inspire an observer to feel, if only for a moment, that there are
no bounds or limits on one's existence.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味
indefinitely	副	無限に			

97. 主節の内容を指す関係代名詞 **as** 節に注目

You may have experienced some kind of culture shock; but, as is very well known, one of the big impacts of traveling abroad is the strong impression you receive when you come back home.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

98. 名詞の後にくる AS 節は名詞を制限

Corporations as we have known them were created by men for men. After World War II, America's veterans exchanged their military uniforms for factory clothing and gray suits, but military organization and rules of behaviour continued to govern the business world. Since World War II, however, the number of working women has increased 200 percent, and their presence is changing the nature of corporations in various ways.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

99. <OR>の訳し方に注意！

To a European, money means power, the freedom to do as he likes, which also means that, consciously or unconsciously, he says; “I want to have as much money as possible myself and others to have as little money as possible.”

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味

100. <文修飾の副詞 + **SV**> は「～なことに」

Unfortunately, there are people who read a lot, but not well.

To avoid becoming such a reader, we must consider the
difference between learning by instruction and learning by
discovery.

単語・熟語	品詞	意味	単語・熟語	品詞	意味